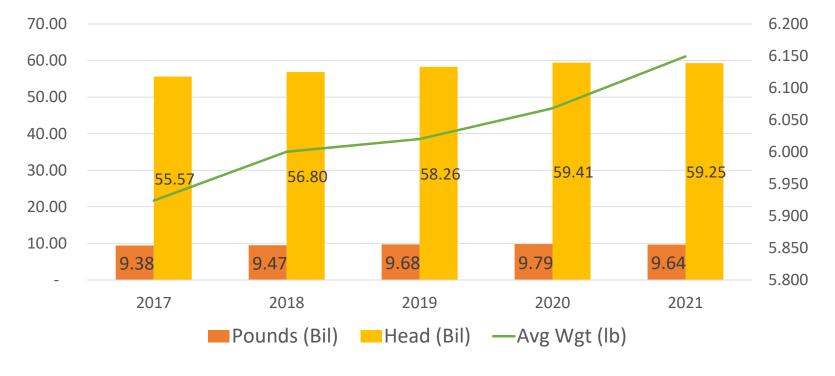


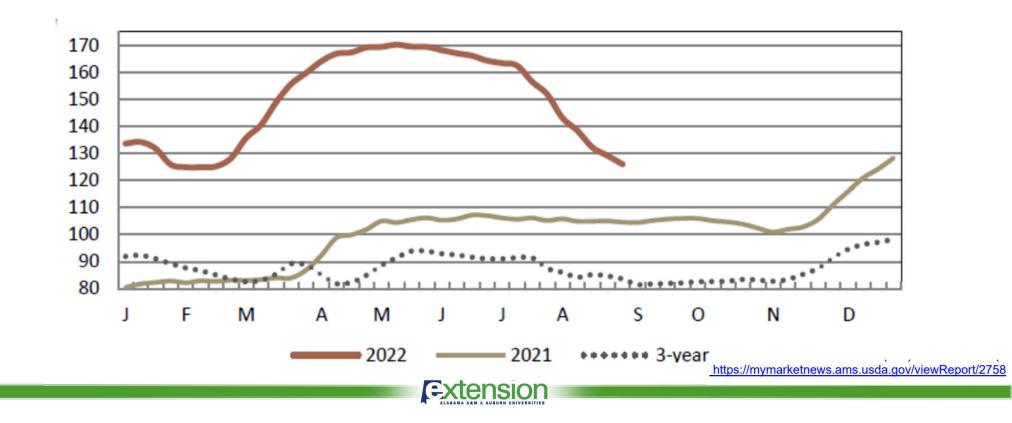
Broiler Production Trend

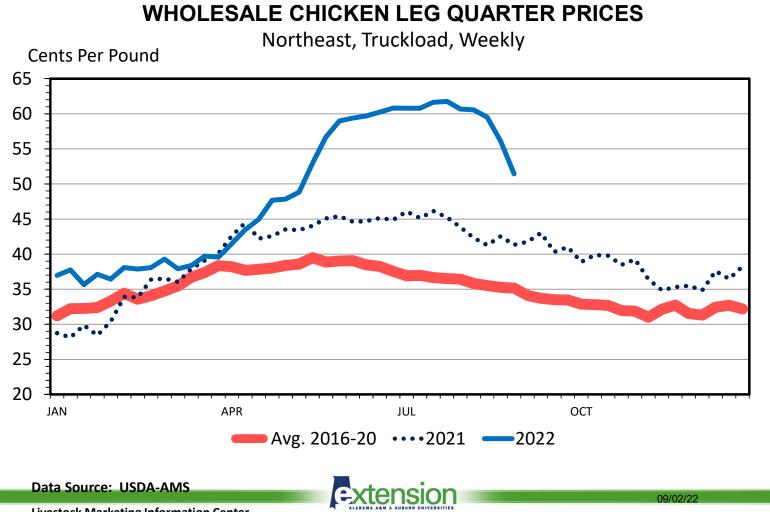




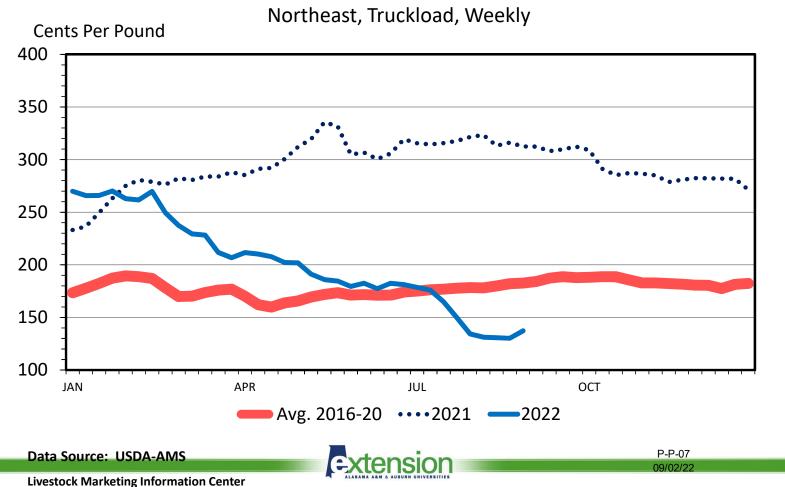
"Riding the \$\$ Wave"

Monthly Composite Weighted Average - \$/cwt

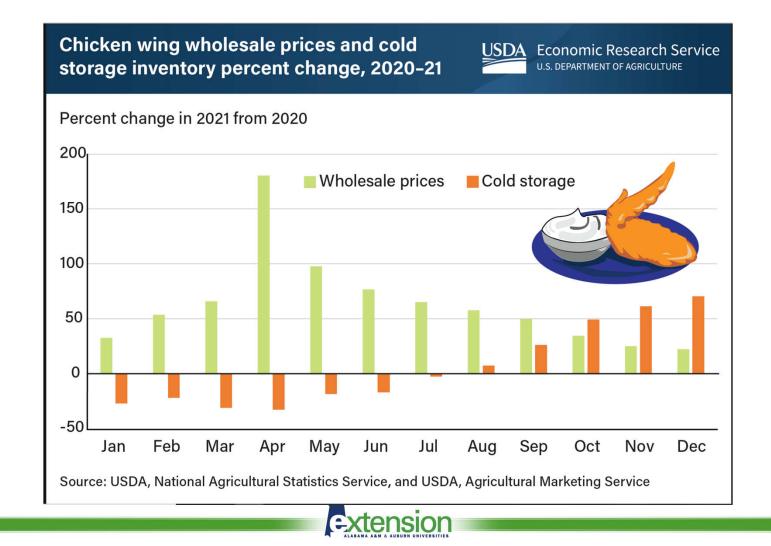


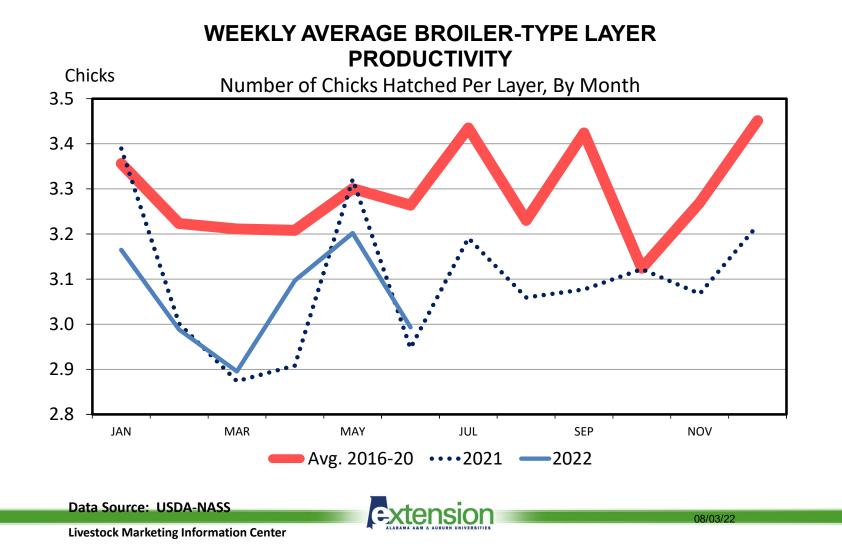


Livestock Marketing Information Center

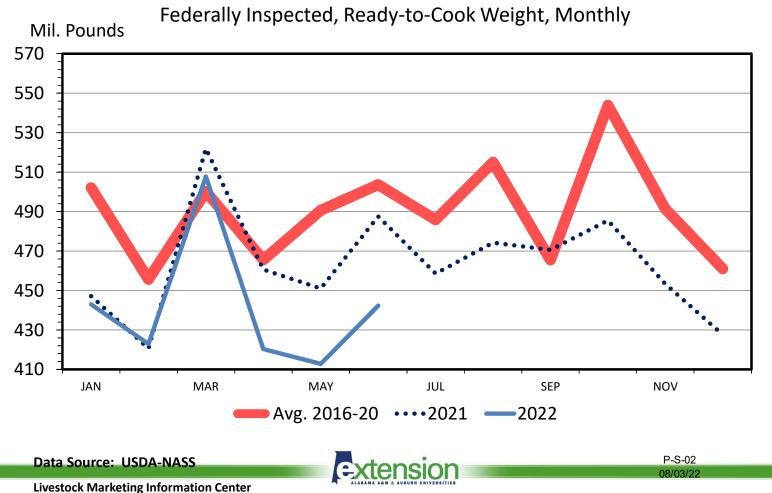


WHOLESALE CHICKEN WING PRICES



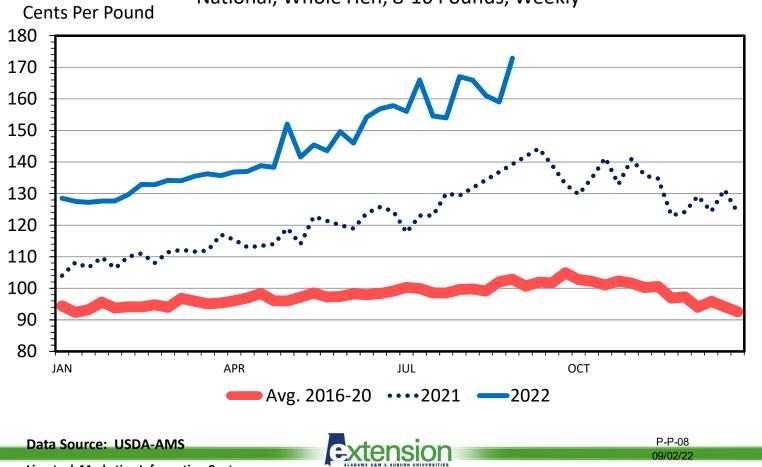


TURKEY PRODUCTION



TURKEY PRICES

National, Whole Hen, 8-16 Pounds, Weekly



Livestock Marketing Information Center

Chicken S & D Pressures

- Inflation in general
- Beef and Pork prices
- "Generation Z prefers chicken" 46% 1st choice upserve.com
- ABF production continues to be implemented across the industry
 - 52% NAE/ABF
 - 22% "Ionophores Only"
 - 26% Reduced Usage of NMIA
 - ALL equal, lower production at higher costs
 - Sustainable?
- HPAI Didn't go away
- GAP III Production 6.0lb/SF (or similar)

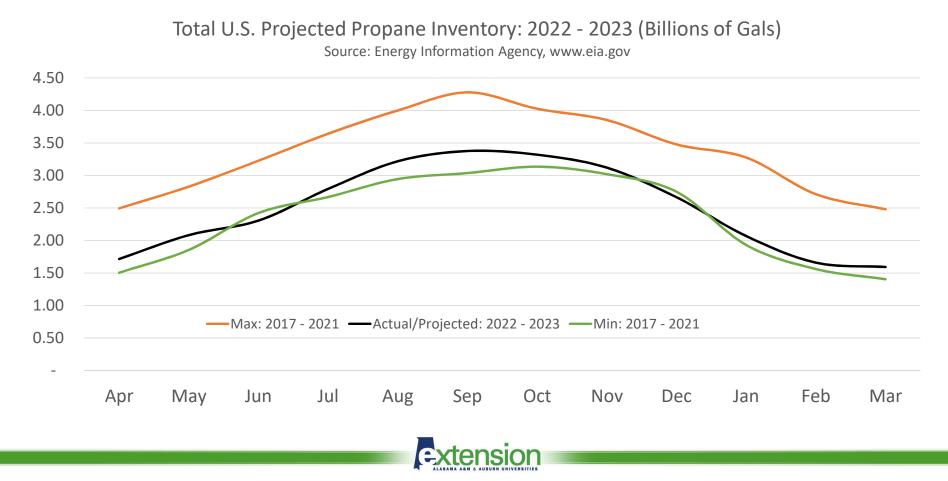


Housing Needed Across the Industry

- 1500 2000 broiler houses currently needed US
- \$18 \$22 per SF "bird-ready"
 - Utility access/deposits, insurance, excavation
 - 4 54' x 500' = \$2,160,000 (no land cost included)
- Integrator Incentives
 - \$9 \$12 / SF (\$1,296,000)
 - 10 15 years with contract tie-in
 - \$378,000 year 1, \$42,000 year 2 10
 - Serious tax liability concerns
- Some across-the-board pay increases
 - Avg approaching \$0.075/lb



....however,



Grower Net Farm Income Variations

Pullet Farm Income Estimates		2 - 40'x400', 1 - 40'x250'			
			Farm "A"		Farm "B"
Total Square Footage			42,000		42000
Gross Revenue per SF		\$	3.15	\$	3.35
Gross Revenue		\$	132,300.00	\$	140,700.00
Variable Expenses		\$	(39,690.00)	\$	(28,140.00)
Income Before Debt Service		\$	92,610.00	\$	112,560.00
Debt Service Assignment (50%)		\$	(66,150.00)	\$	(70,350.00)
Annual Net Farm Income		\$	26,460.00	\$	42,210.00
ANFI per SF		\$	0.63	\$	1.01
Broiler Farm Income Estimates		2 - 66' X 600'			
			Farm "A"		Farm "B"
Total Square Footage			72,000		72,000
Gross Revenue per SF		\$	2.75	\$	3.25
~ P		\$	198,000.00	\$	234,000.00
Gross Revenue				ć	(50,500,00)
		\$	(69 <i>,</i> 300.00)	Ş	(58,500.00)
Variable Expenses	ervice	\$ \$	(69,300.00) 128,700.00		(58,500.00) 175,500.00
Variable Expenses Income Before Debt S			128,700.00	\$	
Gross Revenue Variable Expenses Income Before Debt S Debt Service Assignme Annual Net Farm Inco	ent (50%)		128,700.00	\$ \$	175,500.00 (117,000.00)



Outlook for Poultry

- "All gas, no brakes!"
 - Line speeds
 - Plant automation
- Feed costs were more than offset by prices
- HPAI- 2022 mostly hit eggs and turkeys, 2023??
- Exports may be going up further— China pork 2X\$
 - HPAI restrictions not as broad as before
- Larger farms
- Further consolidation?
- Increased "cost-plus" marketing contracts
- Grower supply and demand



"Transparency in Poultry Grower Contracting and Tournaments" – USDA-ERS

"(1) access to critical information needed to properly assess farm revenue streams, and

(2) information related to the distribution of inputs affecting performance among tournament participants."

- Transparency / Changes Sought:
 - Stocking density *
 - Out time *
 - Chick "quality" (parent flock age, health, breed)
 - Feed quality, delivery
 - Veterinary decision transparency
 - Clear contract terms generally *
 - Longer contracts *
 - Improved return on assets



Public Comments:

- "In short, providing the conditions for efficient growth and good animal welfare requires significant dedication and commitment to doing the job right. Without the incentives provided by the tournament system...... Why bother?" – D.L.
- **"This rule falls short by <u>failing to abolish the tournament system</u> and establish a firm base price the farmer will be paid. Tournament systems are on their face discriminatory and therefore illegal. The establishment of a firm base price is crucial to a farmer's ability to make sound financial decisions." – N.P.
- "I do not want everyone to make the same amount of money! ...You should get paid on how good your chickens are not the same amount across the board! That stinks!!!" – M.M.
- "I support the transparency requirements of the rule, which will help give farmers the tools they need to protect themselves against unfair practices from integrators." – C.L.



- "The company controls the chick quality, feed quality, bird health, and delivery of all inputs and should be responsible for low performance based off these factors. We support the rule." – LFBF
- "The NCPF strongly opposes the proposed rule, because it would prove damaging for the North Carolina poultry industry and hardworking family farmers, ..." – NCPF
- Sentiment is divided



USDA-ERS statement:

"Finally, under proposed § 201.100(d)(5), the live poultry dealer would be required to supply the contact information for the State university extension service office or the county farm advisor's office that can provide relevant information to the current or prospective poultry grower about grower costs and poultry farm financial management in the grower's geographic area. AMS believes that growers can benefit from the expertise and experience, as well as the information publicly available, from these sources, if they choose to access it."

