General U.S. Economic Outlook

Southern Region Agricultural Outlook Conference September 24, 2012

Brian C. Briggeman Associate Professor and Director of the Arthur Capper Cooperative Center





Outline

• Y = C + I + G + NX

• The Fed Balance Sheet and QE3

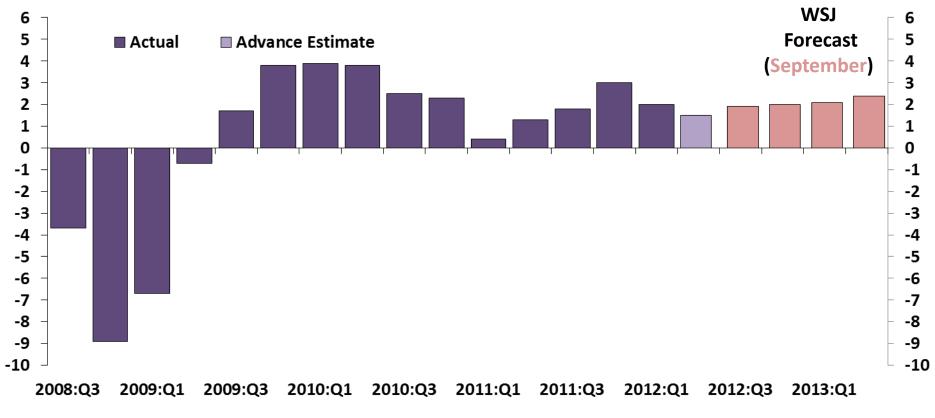
• Global uncertainty



Slow growth, but growth nonetheless.

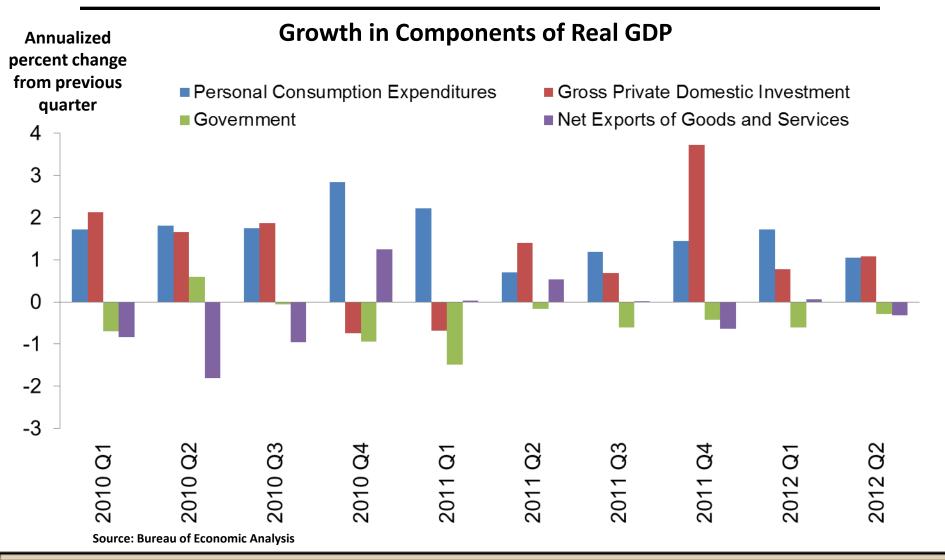


Annualized percent change from previous quarter

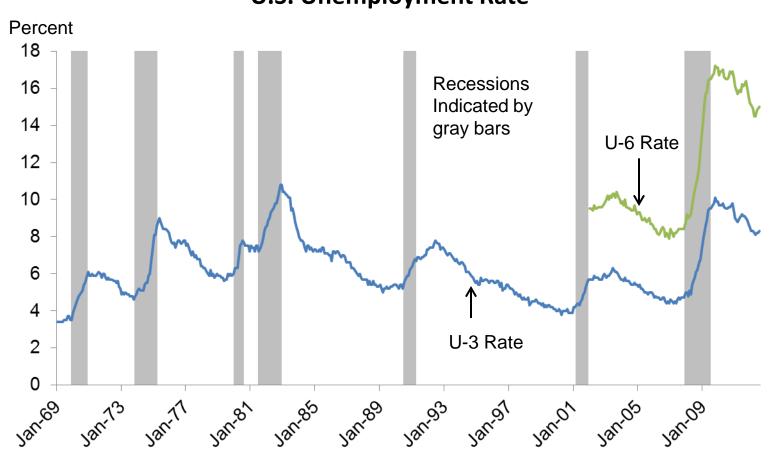


Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis and Wall Street Journal (WSJ) September 2012 Forecast Survey (Average)

While consumption remains positive, it is fairly subdued. Investment has cooled in 2012.



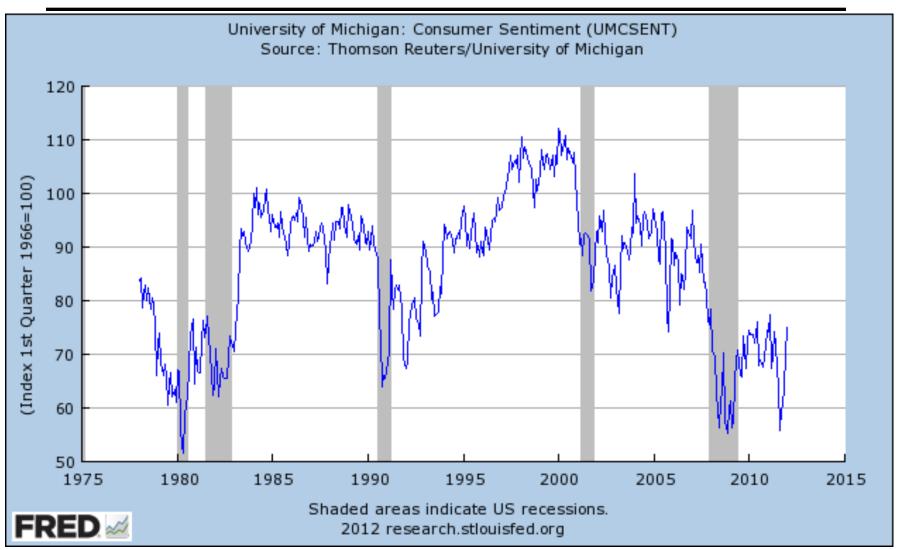
A stubbornly high unemployment rate continues to weigh on consumption and growth.



U.S. Unemployment Rate

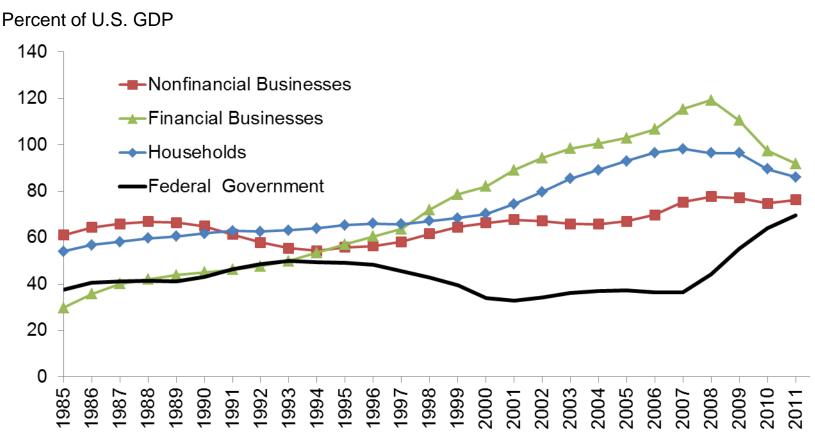
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Consumer confidence has rebounded recently, but remains below pre-2007 recession levels.



Deleveraging continues in most sectors in the U.S.





Source: Federal Reserve Board of Governors

WELL, QE3 IS HERE...

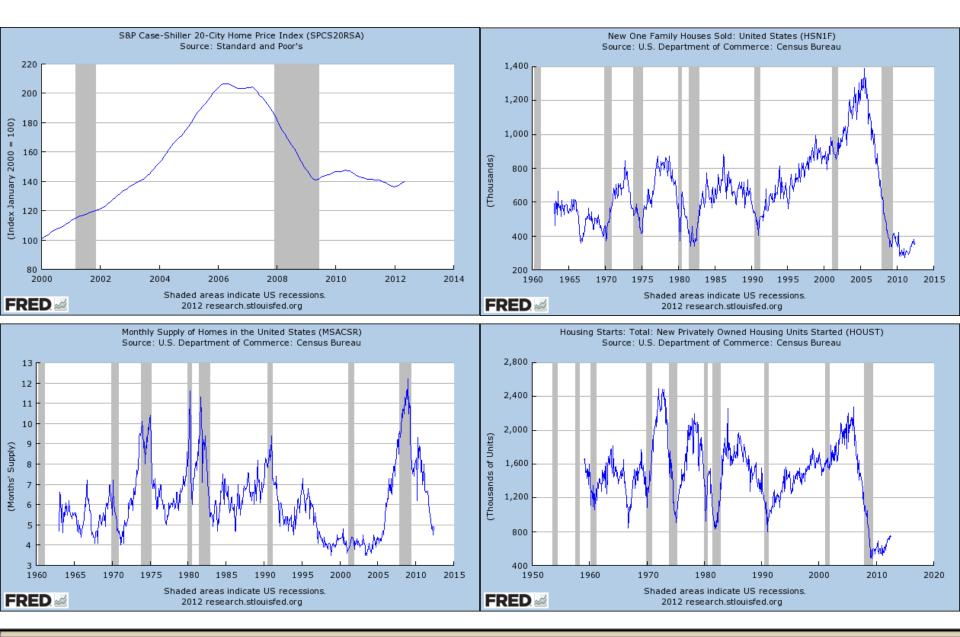
...NOW WHAT?

What is QE3? Very big and targeted

Purchase \$40 billion of mortgagebacked securities per month

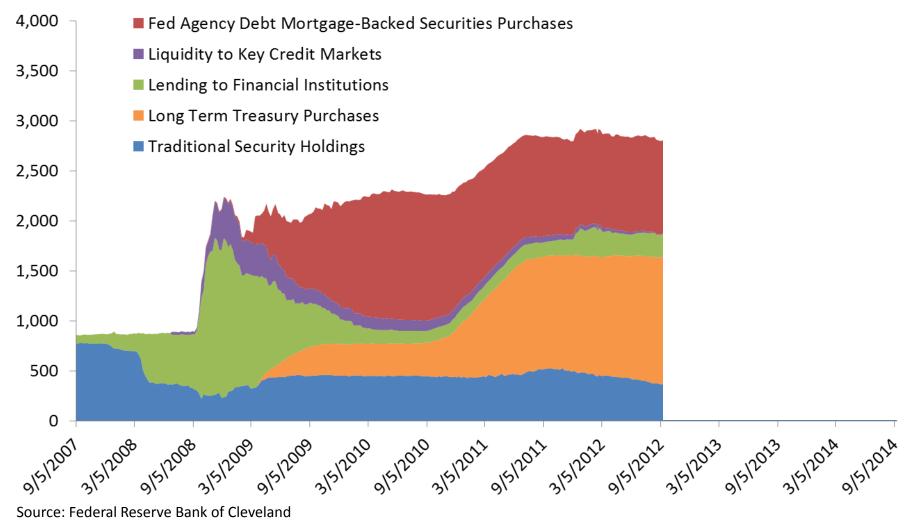
According to Ben Bernanke, the lack of growth in the housing Sector is "a missing piston" in the U.S. economic engine.

A bumpy bottom for housing? Or the start of future growth?



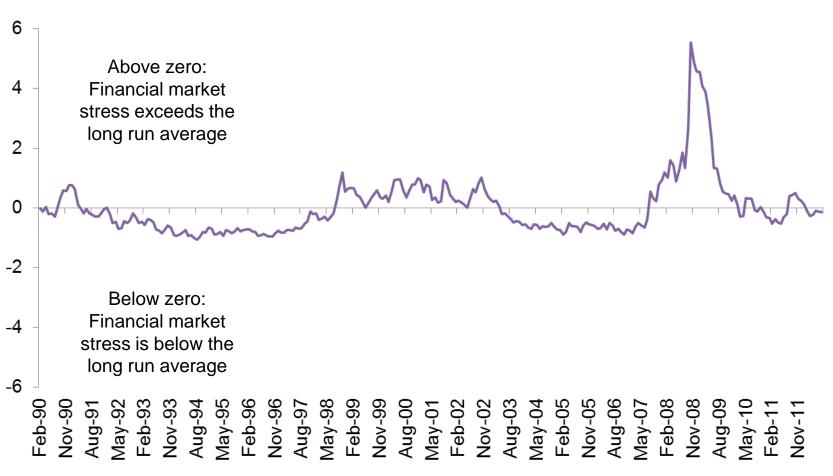
How might the Fed's balance sheet change under QE3?

Billion Dollars



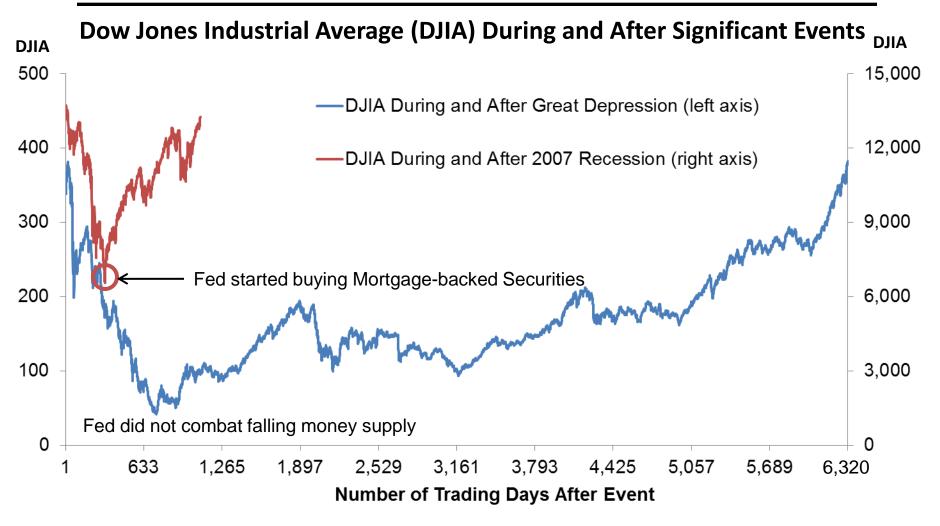
Financial stress has eased. Could that impact the effectiveness of QE3?





Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City

Recent quantitative easing has pulled stock market returns off the Great Depression collapse.



Source: FRED – Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

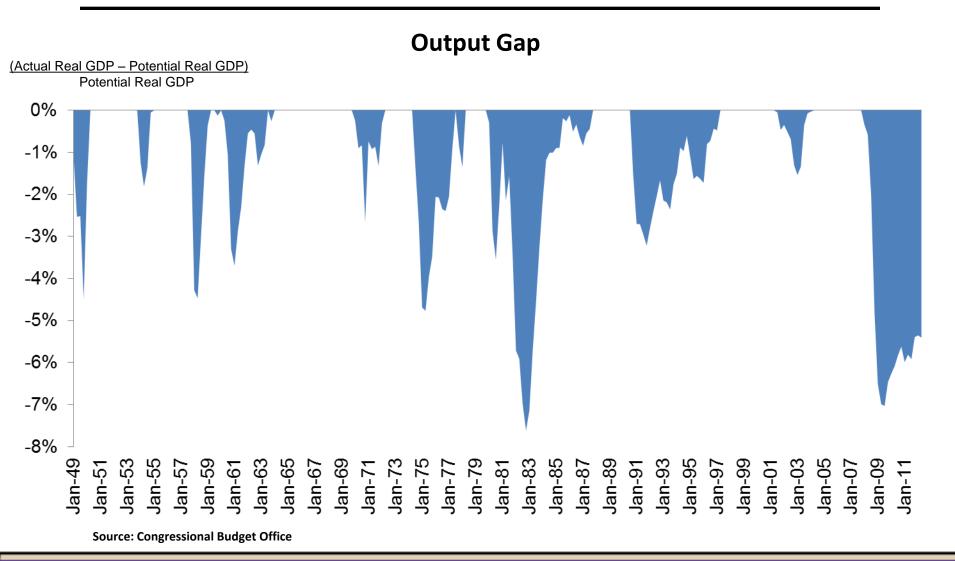


Inflation expectations remain very low.

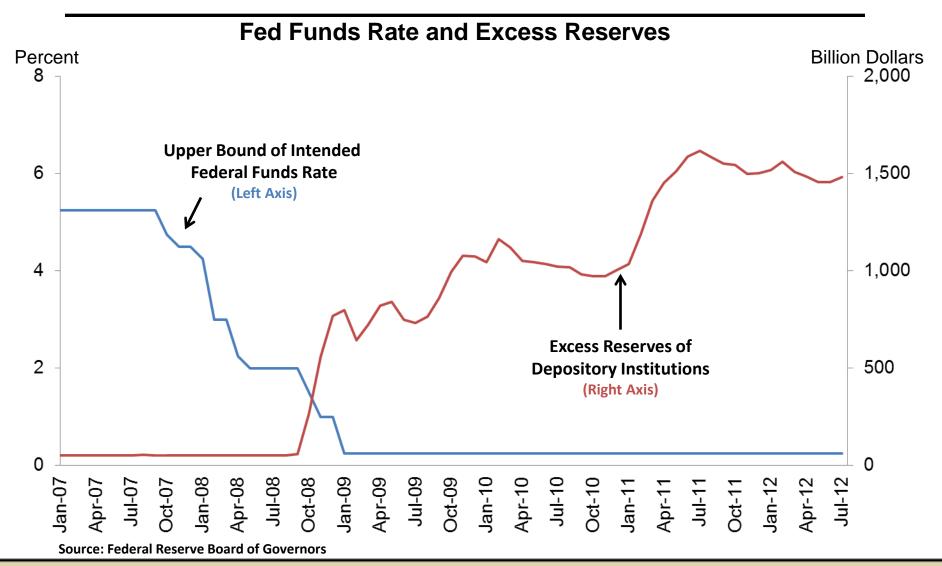


Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland

The output gap is deep and wide.



Will QE3 spur additional borrowing or will it remain at the Fed as bank excess reserves?



Global uncertainty persists.

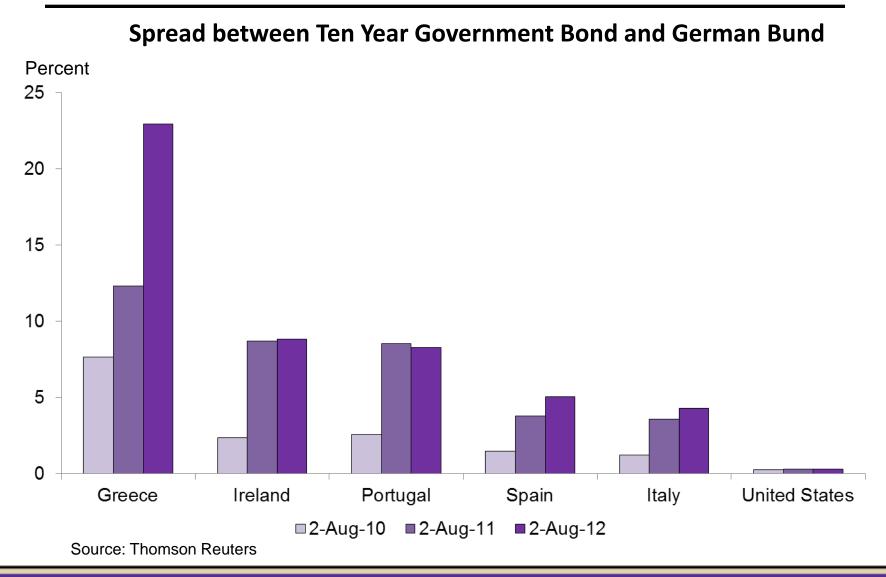






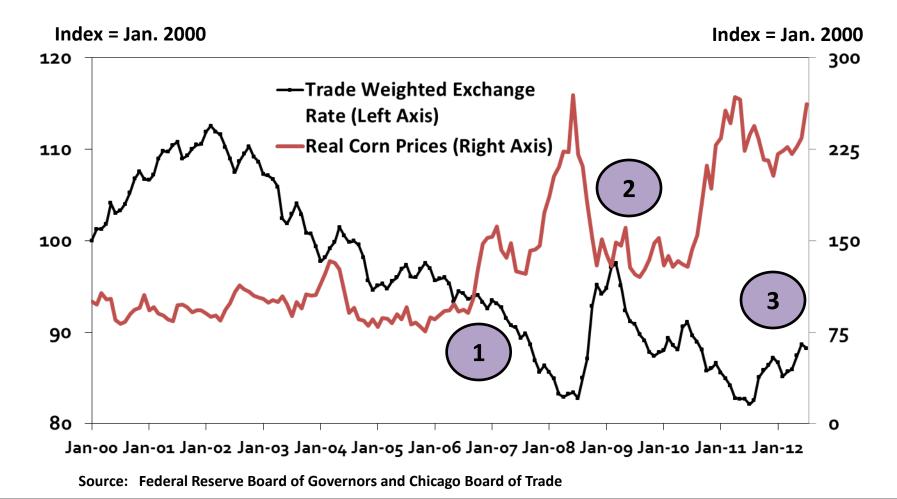


Eurozone sovereign debt crisis is arguably the biggest risk facing the global economy.



If financial market stress were to rise, how might crop prices respond?





Thank you. Questions?

Southern Region Agricultural Outlook Conference September 24, 2012

Brian C. Briggeman Associate Professor and Director of the Arthur Capper Cooperative Center



